

BYWAYS IN MEXICO.

JOURNEYING ON HORSE-BACK IN THE STATE OF MICHOACAN.

Equestrian Cock-Fighting—The National Sport, Colea de Toros, or Bull-Tailing—Mexican Sports.

[Continued from the RECORD-UNION.]

MORELIA, Mexico, January 30, 1886.

We might have gone from Toluca to Morelia by rail in half a day's time, but falling in with an adventurous party, who had spent a summer going overland with tents and wagons to California, rather than make of it a common place journey in a parlor car, who have made long walking tours in Europe, the Rockies and the Adirondacks, and have traveled on horse-back over the greater part of Mexico, we were easily persuaded to join forces with them. The plan was to take a guide, servants and our own provisions, to turn our backs upon civilization and forget that railroads existed, striking a "backwoods" trail, to speak towards Morelia, making a seven-day journey of what might have been accomplished in many hours by more prosaic methods. To Mexican eyes there was nothing extraordinary in the proceeding, for scarcely three years have elapsed since the iron horse made his first appearance in this portion of Mexico; and to this day the majority of the native ladies wear the new-fangled method of traveling, and prefer to make all pilgrimages in their carriages when practicable, or on horse or donkey-back among the mountains. There are no better riders in the world than Mexican ladies. They are reared from infancy to the exercise, and like English women, can leap ditches and five-barred gates, being as much at home in the saddle as a soldier or circus-rider. Not so with Betsy and I, whose lives have been spent where such things are

FASHION HINTS.

Some Sensible and Suggestive Selections and Warnings.

The rules of good taste require a certain method in the choice of costumes for different times and occasions. Thus, a lady of fashion will not wear silk dresses in the morning, but a heavy robe of cloth or wool, and a hat in the evening.

A lady in the morning, when they go out in the street on foot, and do not intend to go to a ball or to a party, will wear a simple dress of cloth or wool, and a hat.

A little later in the day they put on dresses of woolen fabric, combined with silk, or velvet, which are sufficient elegant for paying visits not of ceremony.

And for ceremonious visits and receptions they select dresses of plain silk or velvet, with broad bands of silk and velvet, according to the fashion of the day.

There are such a number of silk tissues of all styles that great variety may be achieved, even while conforming to the above rules. One of the prettiest silk materials of this winter season is composed of alternate plush and moire stripes.

For the costume of the evening, over monochrome moire, in the others are of one color different from the moire—such as drap and blue, beige and dark red, green and black, etc.

It is quite as important to choose the fashion of the dress, as well as the material, according to the diverse circumstances of the occasion.

For morning costumes composed entirely of woolen fabrics, the most simple, least elaborate fashions should be chosen.

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GENERAL NOTICES.

Don't mistake drowsy feelings for last night's wine.

Stand not upon the order of your going, but upon the order of your staying. The order of your staying is the order of your going.

Advice to Mothers.—Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are unwell. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child of pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button."

Baths.—For all kinds of Baths, Electric and Magnetic Treatment for Ladies and Gentlemen, see the New Dispensary, 224 N. 4th St.

With afflicted with Sore Eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's EYE WATER. Druggists sell it at 25 cents.

RAILROADS, STEAMERS, ETC.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY (PACIFIC SYSTEM).

TRAINS LEAVE AND ARE DUE TO ARRIVE AT SACRAMENTO.

It is understood that the new material parts in several important particulars from the character of leather board with which paper-makers are familiar.

THE PHONOGRAPH TO BE IMPROVED.—Mr. Edison, the inventor, has resumed work on the phonograph, and is now engaged in

PACIFIC SLOPE.
FURTHER PROCEEDINGS OF THE
ANTI-CHINESE CONVENTION.

County Debt of Sonoma—Free Roads
in El Dorado—Self-Murderer
—Burglar Sentenced.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

CALIFORNIA.

San Jose's Anti-Chinese Convention.

SAN JOSE, February 5th.—The Anti-Chinese Non-Partisan Convention this morning discussed the question of reconsidering last night's action providing for a session of this Convention at Sacramento, March 10th. The action was left untouched. John S. Hittell's article in the *Overland* on the Chinese question was condemned. It was resolved that further action be taken by the Executive Committee, and that all anti-Chinese non-partisan organizations be represented. A committee, composed of Butler, Sumner and Shaner, was appointed to draft a memorial to Congress.

The following resolution was debated and tabled:

Resolved, That it is the sentiment of this Convention that we shall demand of every candidate for office in this State, or any county thereof, that he bring an affidavit from a Notary Public that he will use all of his influence, both directly and indirectly, for the expulsion of the Chinese from this State.

The Convention adjourned till 1:30 P. M., when the State Central Committee was authorized to fill vacancies in the committee. The position of committee member from San Francisco, declared vacant, will be filled by the State Central Committee.

It was announced that 50,000 anti-Chinese petitions to Congress, prepared by the State Central Committee, will be distributed to all members of Congress, so that all who asked might be supplied. Mr. Vinter proposed the name of N. F. Ravlin for State Organizer, paying the gentleman a high commission for salary and energy. Judge Church, of Oakland, and Mr. Anthony, of Santa Cruz, spoke in favor of the proposal to recommend Mr. Ravlin's appointment as State Organizer by the State Executive Committee. Mr. Ravlin was unanimously recommended. C. F. McLaughlin, of Truckee, was chosen Chairman of the committee on resolutions. B. E. Burns, of Mountain View, Vice-President, and Noble Fisher, of Sacramento, Treasurer. The committee will select a Secretary hereafter, and a committee on compensation. The Convention gave votes of thanks to its officers, to the Executive Committee of Santa Clara county, and the president of this State, and adjourned to meet as a body at Sacramento March 10th.

MERCANTILE MEETING.

SAN JOSE, February 5th.—This evening a large mass meeting was held in the Baptist Tabernacle. Addresses were made by Rev. N. F. Ravlin, of Sacramento, and C. F. McLaughlin, of Truckee. They advised a vigorous boycott against employees of Chinese. Mr. Ravlin announced that at an early day he will address a mass meeting in the Mechanics' Hall.

The Anti-Chinese Crusade.

MERCED, February 5th.—Owing to the anti-Chinese agitation here, arrangements have been perfected for starting a white laundry.

DAVISVILLE, February 5th.—A petition asking Congress to so change the present treaty with China as to prohibit the further immigration of Chinese to this country was received here yesterday at 12:30 P. M., and signed by 132 persons by S. V. M. Of the whole number to whom it was presented, only three or four refused to sign.

REDDING, February 5th.—Chinatown was entirely destroyed by fire this morning. Efficient assistance of citizens and the fire company prevented the fire from spreading.

VANCOUVER (W. T.), February 5th.—A second anti-Chinese meeting was held last night, with unbounded enthusiasm, under the auspices of the Knights of Labor, and a League was organized with seventy members.

Santa Cruz, February 5th.—An Anti-Chinese Club was organized in Branciforte last evening, with a good roll of membership.

Sonoma County Debt.

SANTA ROSA, February 5th.—The Board of Supervisors yesterday refunded the bonded indebtedness of Sonoma county, amounting to \$200,000. The bonds of San Francisco, will place the bonds at 4.24 per cent.

Attempted Suicide Caused by Whisky.

LEMOORE (Tulare county), February 5th.—A German named Steve, aged 40, attempted suicide last evening by cutting his throat. The knife entered near the jugular vein, making a gash four inches long and one inch deep. He is in a critical condition this evening. It was caused by too much whisky.

Death Preferred to Disease.

SANTA BARBARA, February 5th.—W. W. Purinton, an invalid, a native of Tottenham, Maine, succumbed to consumption, by shooting himself through the head. The coroner's jury found that insanity was the cause.

Free Roads in El Dorado County.

PLACERVILLE, February 5th.—The Supervisors yesterday refused to pass resolutions rescinding all privileges enjoyed by owners of toll-roads on which the franchise has expired, which makes public highways of most of the roads in the county. The order has no effect upon toll-bridges. It is rumored that the road owners will contest. The action of the Board is generally approved.

Burglar Sentenced.

SAN BERNARDINO, February 5th.—A young Mexican named Jesus Mesa pleaded guilty to five charges of burglary, all committed in one night, and was sentenced to nine years at Folsom.

The Perkins-Baldwin Case.

LOS ANGELES, February 5th.—In the breach of promise case of Miss Louisa C. Perkins vs. E. J. Baldwin, the plaintiff returned the witness stand this morning. Questions relating to her intimacy with other men than Baldwin met with indignant replies in the negative. This afternoon Mrs. Perkins' plaintiff's mother testified that Baldwin twice promised to marry her daughter, and also made himself intimate with the family.

Lieutenant Maus Heard From.

GUADALUPE CANYON, (via Fort Bowie), February 5th.—A courier just in reports the arrival at Lang's ranch of Lieutenant Maus, in charge of a detachment of one hundred and four squaws, as hostages for the further surrender and coming in of the balance of the hostile Indians on the full of the next moon. Lieutenant Maus will probably remain at Lang's ranch until his arrival.

Public Execution of a Murderer.

TUCSON, February 5th.—The State's special from Prescott, Arizona, was that a public execution took place to-day, about half a mile northwest of town, for the murder of John Murphy, Deputy Sheriff of this county. The prisoner died at the gallows at 10 o'clock, when the Sheriff turned the cell and read the warrant, and he heard with the utmost composure, and a muscle moving, after which he took his last meal on earth, consisting of fried chicken, steak and mushrooms, and coffee. At 11:30 he was taken from the jail. He bowed pleasantly to his acquaintances as he was conveyed to the place of execution, under the escort and guard of the two local military companies. He ascended the scaffold with a firm step, and upon being asked if he had anything to say, replied "No." At 12:05 the trap was sprung. He fell about six feet, and his neck was broken by the fall. His heart ceased to beat at 12:10. About 1,000 persons witnessed the execution.

A "Tin Horn" Gambler Shot.

NOGALES, February 5th.—Yesterday afternoon a man named Lee started out with a gun to hunt "Salt River Jack." D. Satterfield, a local sportsman, followed him. He found him and Jack grappled with Lee, when Daniel Clark, a stone-mason from Tombstone, took a pistol from Lee. Jack then turned and knocked Lee down, and was stooping over to strike him.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT UNION.

As Amended and Ratified at the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders held January 20, 1886.

The publication of the by-laws and regulations of the California Fruit Union as amended, and finally adopted at the first annual meeting of the Association, held at San Francisco January 20, and 21, 1886, is of interest to all members and also to fruit-growers in general. They are therefore given below in full.

BY-LAWS OF THE CALIFORNIA FRUIT UNION.

We, the undersigned, owners of the number of shares of stock in the California Fruit Union, do hereby certify that we have adopted and published the following By-Laws for the management and control of the California Fruit Union:

ARTICLE I.

Section 1. The powers and authorities necessary for the full management and control of the affairs of the corporation shall be vested in a Board of Trustees, who shall be elected by the stockholders annually, on the third Wednesday in January of each year. No person shall be eligible for the office of Trustee who shall not hold, at the time of his election, an ownership of stock in the corporation. The office of any Trustee shall become vacant whenever he shall cease to hold said minimum quantity of stock.

ARTICLE II.

Section 1. The President shall be elected by the stockholders annually, on the third Wednesday in January of each year. No person shall be eligible for the office of President who shall not hold, at the time of his election, an ownership of stock in the corporation. The office of any President shall become vacant whenever he shall cease to hold said minimum quantity of stock.

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Section 1. The President shall be the executive officer of the corporation, and shall see that all the provisions of the by-laws are carried into effect. He shall see that the funds of the corporation are properly managed, and shall see that the property of the corporation is properly cared for.

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Section 1. The Vice-President shall be the executive officer of the corporation, and shall see that all the provisions of the by-laws are carried into effect. He shall see that the funds of the corporation are properly managed, and shall see that the property of the corporation is properly cared for.

ARTICLE XXIV.

Section 1. The Secretary shall be the executive officer of the corporation, and shall see that all the provisions of the by-laws are carried into effect. He shall see that the funds of the corporation are properly managed, and shall see that the property of the corporation is properly cared for.

ARTICLE XXV.

Section 1. The Treasurer shall be the executive officer of the corporation, and shall see that all the provisions of the by-laws are carried into effect. He shall see that the funds of the corporation are properly managed, and shall see that the property of the corporation is properly cared for.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT UNION.

As Amended and Ratified at the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders held January 20, 1886.

The publication of the by-laws and regulations of the California Fruit Union as amended, and finally adopted at the first annual meeting of the Association, held at San Francisco January 20, and 21, 1886, is of interest to all members and also to fruit-growers in general. They are therefore given below in full.

BY-LAWS OF THE CALIFORNIA FRUIT UNION.

We, the undersigned, owners of the number of shares of stock in the California Fruit Union, do hereby certify that we have adopted and published the following By-Laws for the management and control of the California Fruit Union:

ARTICLE I.

Section 1. The powers and authorities necessary for the full management and control of the affairs of the corporation shall be vested in a Board of Trustees, who shall be elected by the stockholders annually, on the third Wednesday in January of each year. No person shall be eligible for the office of Trustee who shall not hold, at the time of his election, an ownership of stock in the corporation. The office of any Trustee shall become vacant whenever he shall cease to hold said minimum quantity of stock.

ARTICLE II.

Section 1. The President shall be elected by the stockholders annually, on the third Wednesday in January of each year. No person shall be eligible for the office of President who shall not hold, at the time of his election, an ownership of stock in the corporation. The office of any President shall become vacant whenever he shall cease to hold said minimum quantity of stock.

ARTICLE III.

Section 1. The Vice-President shall be elected by the stockholders annually, on the third Wednesday in January of each year. No person shall be eligible for the office of Vice-President who shall not hold, at the time of his election, an ownership of stock in the corporation. The office of any Vice-President shall become vacant whenever he shall cease to hold said minimum quantity of stock.

ARTICLE IV.

Section 1. The Secretary shall be elected by the stockholders annually, on the third Wednesday in January of each year. No person shall be eligible for the office of Secretary who shall not hold, at the time of his election, an ownership of stock in the corporation. The office of any Secretary shall become vacant whenever he shall cease to hold said minimum quantity of stock.

ARTICLE V.

Section 1. The Treasurer shall be elected by the stockholders annually, on the third Wednesday in January of each year. No person shall be eligible for the office of Treasurer who shall not hold, at the time of his election, an ownership of stock in the corporation. The office of any Treasurer shall become vacant whenever he shall cease to hold said minimum quantity of stock.

ARTICLE VI.

Section 1. The President shall be the executive officer of the corporation, and shall see that all the provisions of the by-laws are carried into effect. He shall see that the funds of the corporation are properly managed, and shall see that the property of the corporation is properly cared for.

ARTICLE VII.

Section 1. The Vice-President shall be the executive officer of the corporation, and shall see that all the provisions of the by-laws are carried into effect. He shall see that the funds of the corporation are properly managed, and shall see that the property of the corporation is properly cared for.

ARTICLE VIII.

Section 1. The Secretary shall be the executive officer of the corporation, and shall see that all the provisions of the by-laws are carried into effect. He shall see that the funds of the corporation are properly managed, and shall see that the property of the corporation is properly cared for.

ARTICLE IX.

Section 1. The Treasurer shall be the executive officer of the corporation, and shall see that all the provisions of the by-laws are carried into effect. He shall see that the funds of the corporation are properly managed, and shall see that the property of the corporation is properly cared for.

ARTICLE X.

Section 1. The President shall be the executive officer of the corporation, and shall see that all the provisions of the by-laws are carried into effect. He shall see that the funds of the corporation are properly managed, and shall see that the property of the corporation is properly cared for.

ARTICLE XI.

Section 1. The Vice-President shall be the executive officer of the corporation, and shall see that all the provisions of the by-laws are carried into effect. He shall see that the funds of the corporation are properly managed, and shall see that the property of the corporation is properly cared for.

ARTICLE XII.

Section 1. The Secretary shall be the executive officer of the corporation, and shall see that all the provisions of the by-laws are carried into effect. He shall see that the funds of the corporation are properly managed, and shall see that the property of the corporation is properly cared for.

ARTICLE XIII.

Section 1. The Treasurer shall be the executive officer of the corporation, and shall see that all the provisions of the by-laws are carried into effect. He shall see that the funds of the corporation are properly managed, and shall see that the property of the corporation is properly cared for.

ARTICLE XIV.

Section 1. The President shall be the executive officer of the corporation, and shall see that all the provisions of the by-laws are carried into effect. He shall see that the funds of the corporation are properly managed, and shall see that the property of the corporation is properly